

Health Impact Assessment

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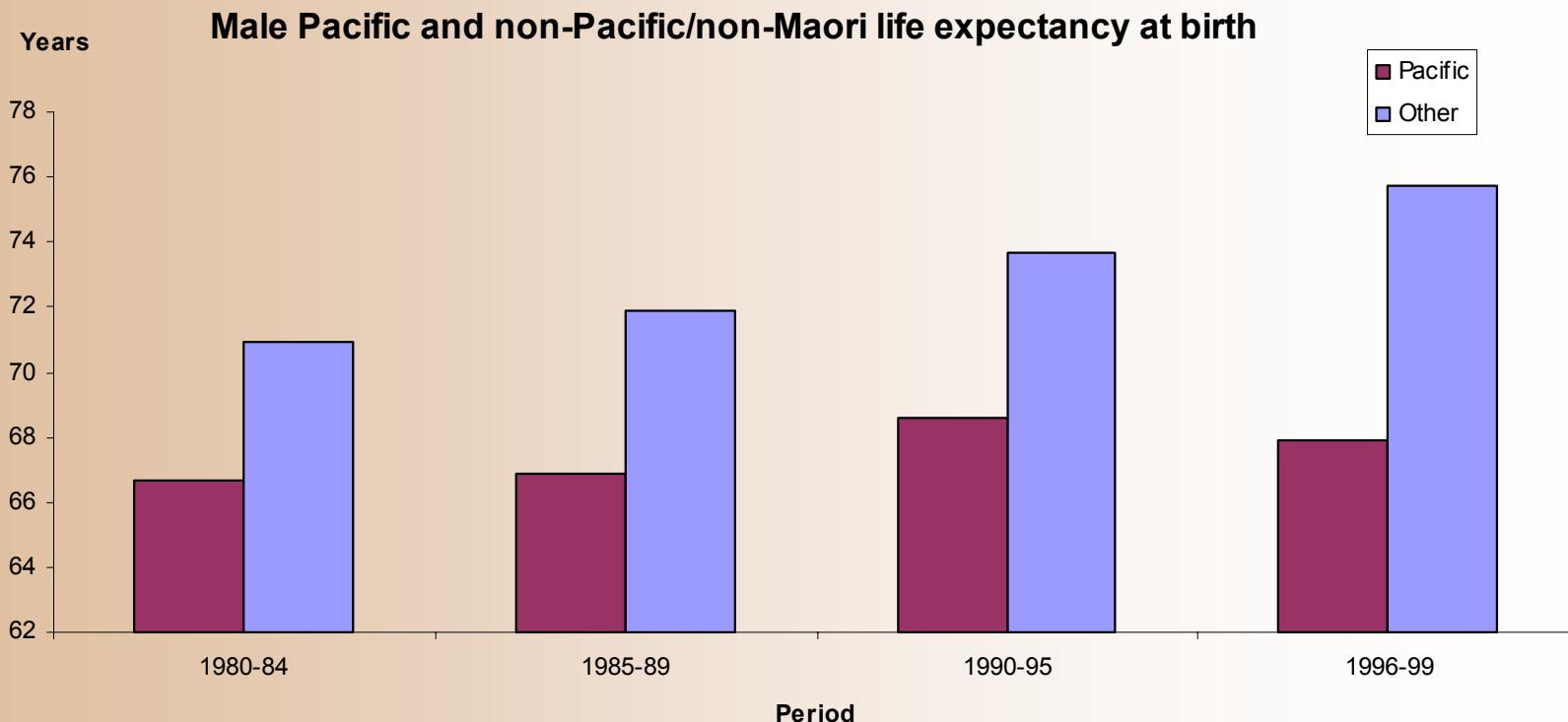


Pacific people

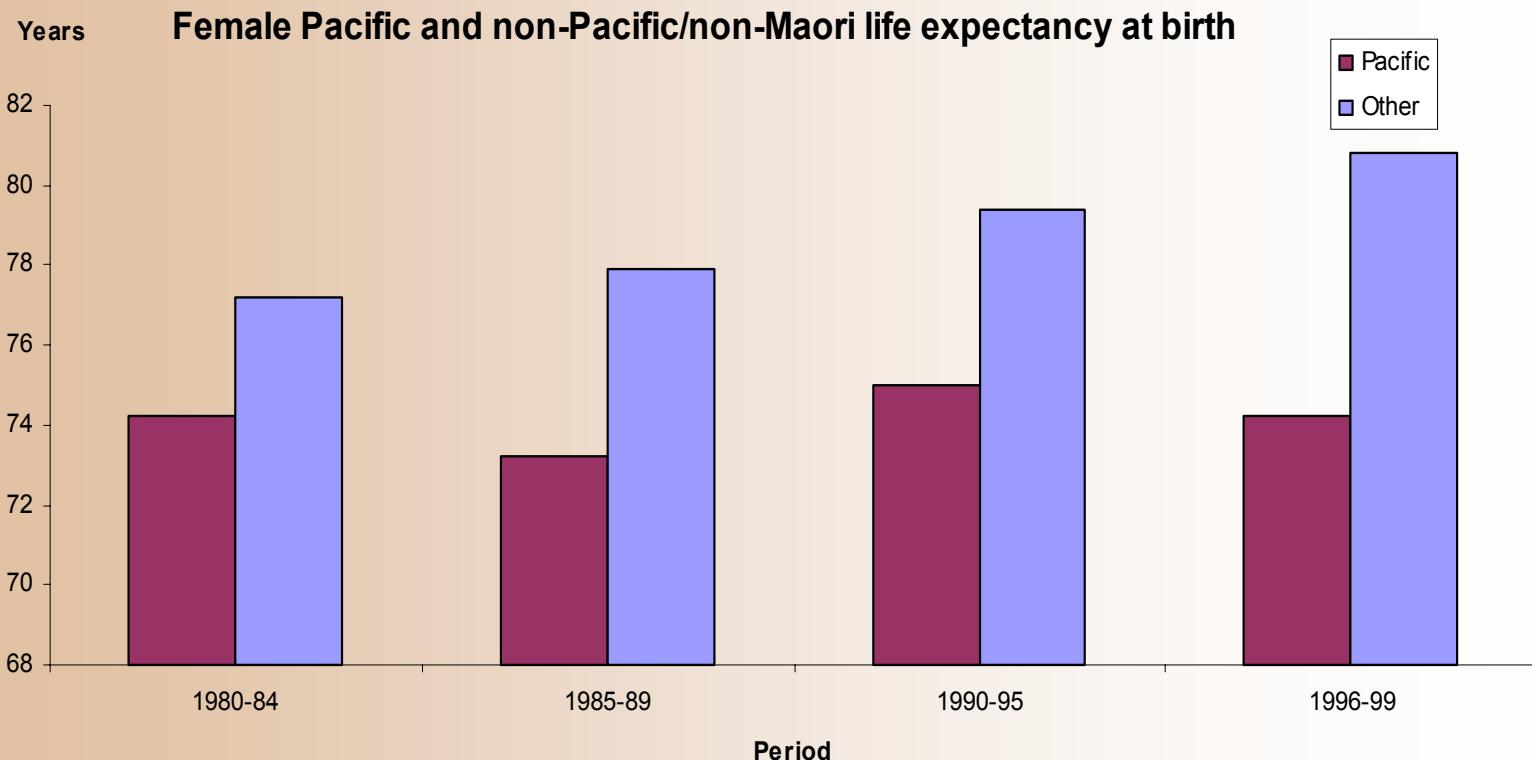
Health Impact Assessment

To improve health and reduce
health inequalities

Life expectancy at birth – Males

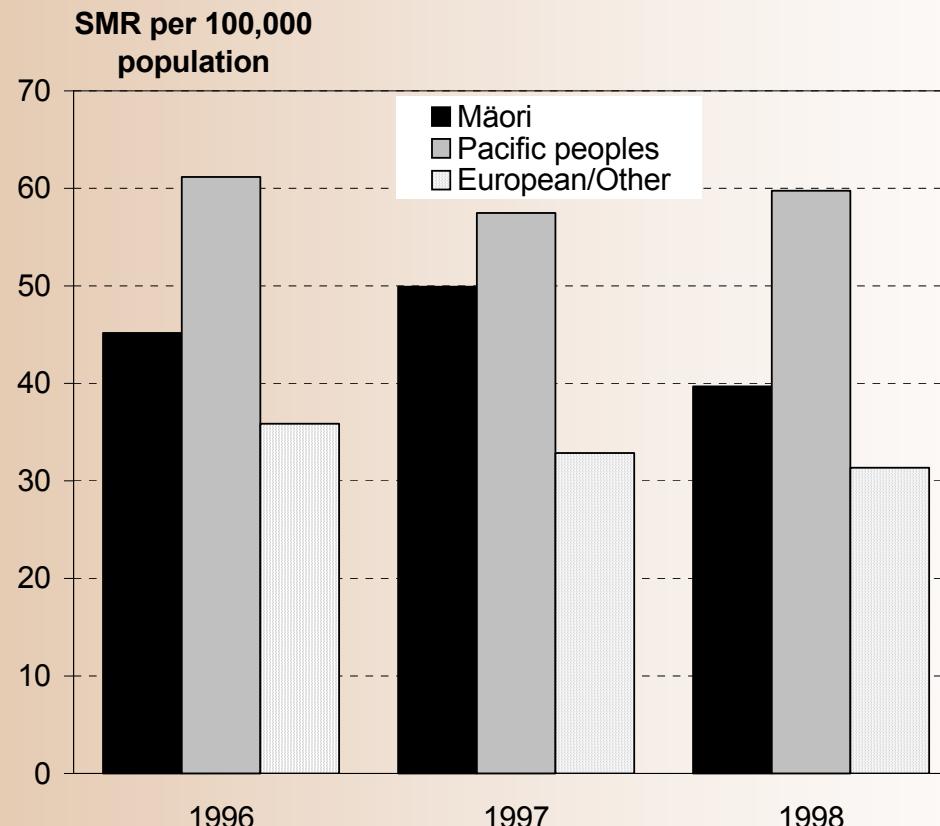


Life expectancy at birth-Females



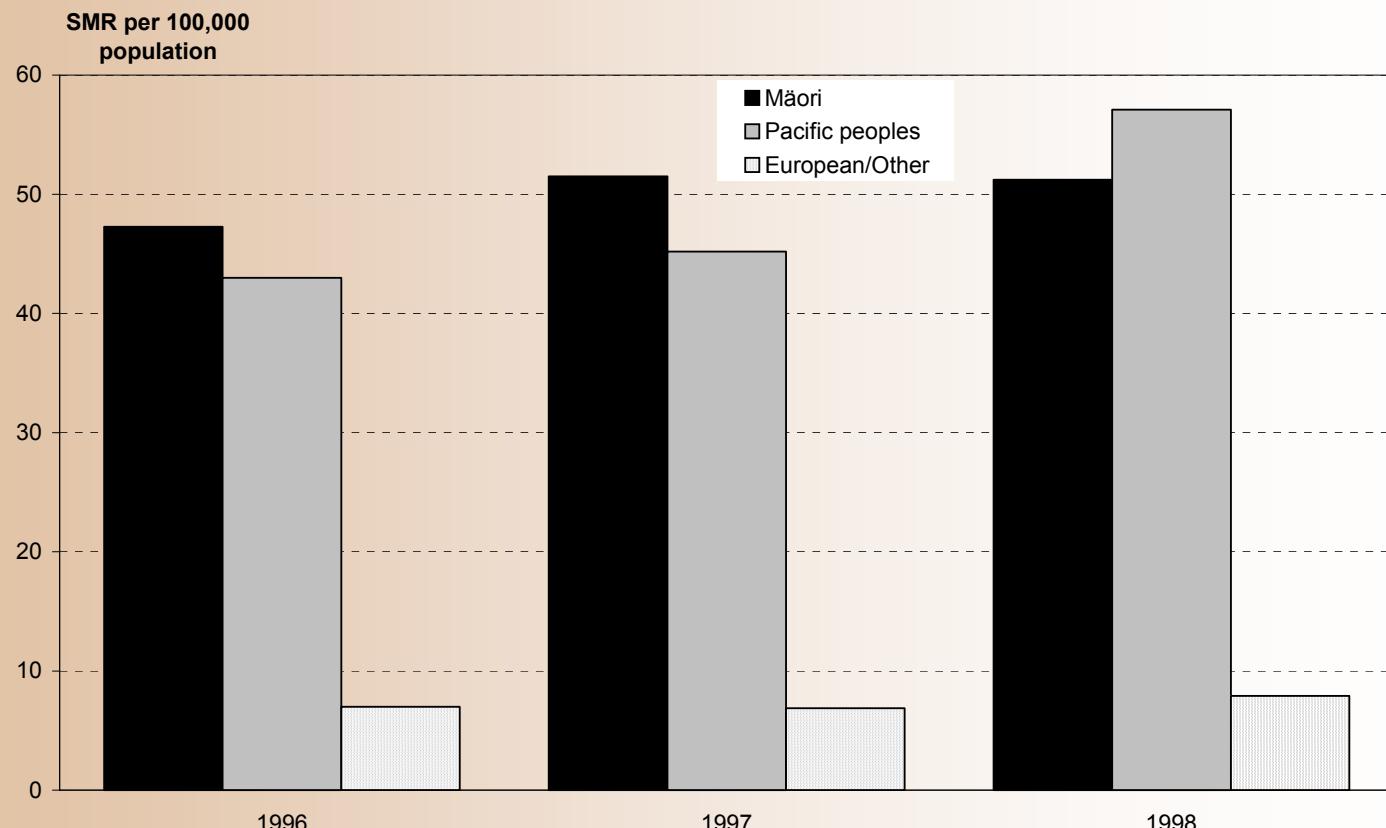
Source: Ministry of Health, 2003

Standardised mortality rates for strokes, by ethnicity 1996-98



Source: Ministry of Health, 2003

Standardised mortality rates for diabetes, by ethnicity, 1996-1998



Source: Ministry of Health, 2003

Determinants of health

Biological and Individual

Risk factors

Structural

Social

Economic

Cultural

Services

Access

Quality



Structural determinants of health

**Tackling the fundamental causes
of health inequalities**

Education

Unemployment

Income

Housing



Challenges of measuring the impact of policy and practice

Process

Who determines who is involved in the HIA?

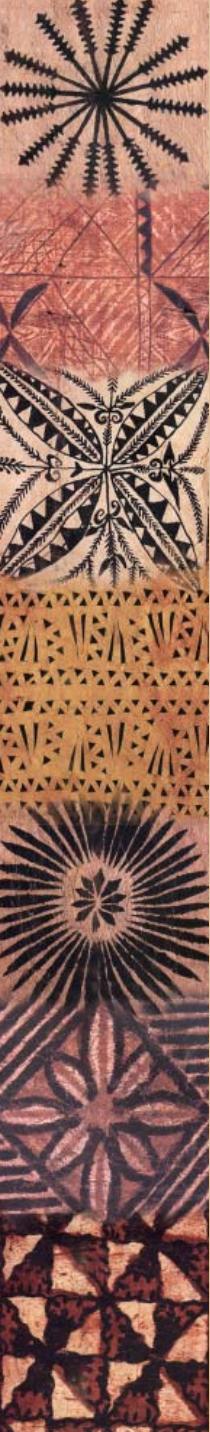
Rights to self-determination

Diversity (cultures, languages, traditions)

Active Participation of Pacific people

Who defines the approach?

Individual versus Collective approach



Multiple levels

Individuals

Physical, spiritual wellbeing

Groups

Family, household

Community, church

Environment



Active participation of Pacific people

Heterogenous

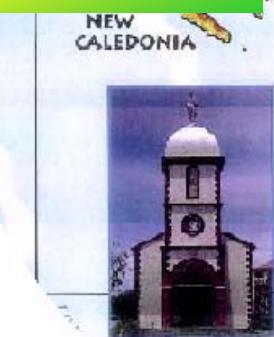
**Each Pacific group has its own
culture, language, and traditions**



Talofa Mai!



Welcome!



Bula vinaka



Fakalofa lahi atu!



Talofa lava!



Malo e lelei!



Kia Orana!



Talofa!

Mauri!



Pacific Values

Families/Extended families

Community/Church

Fulfillment of mutual obligations

Relationships

Respect

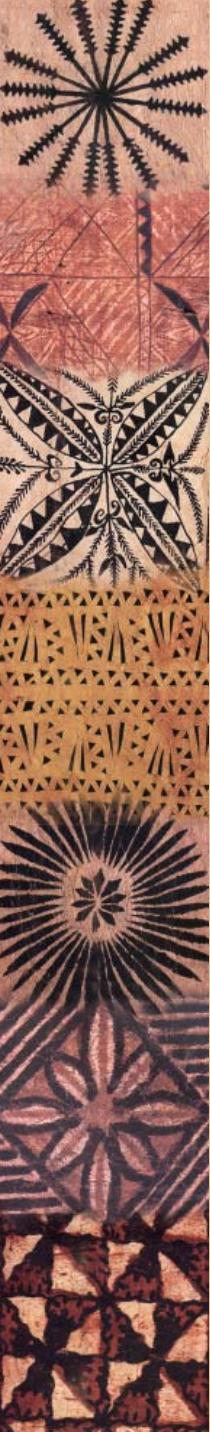
Reciprocity

Consensus process



Pacific versus western values

- Families/extended families
- Community/Church
- Relationships
- Accountability
- Respect
- Reciprocity
- Fulfillment of mutual obligations
- Consensus process
- Individual rights and choice.
- Independence.
- Equality and access.
- Privacy.
- Competition.
- Consumerism.



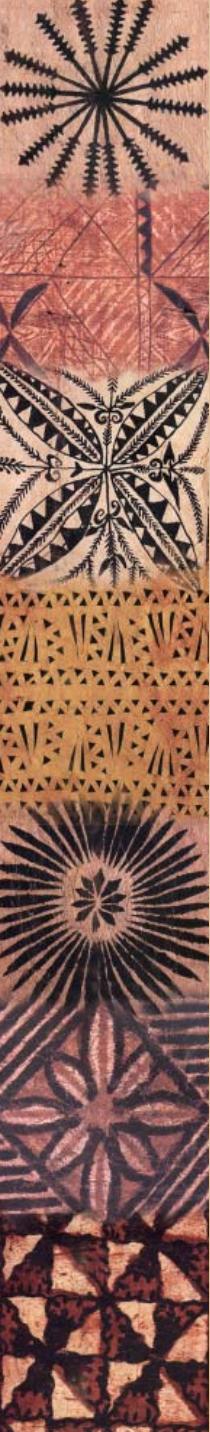
What do you think?

“Because he would have to ask: What does my father think, what does my mother think, what does my family think, what does my village and church think before he can answer the question, what do I think?”



Expert advice versus community ownership

Unless Pacific people are actively involved in developing policies and assessing their impact, then NO amount of expert advice will provide the ownership that comes from meaningful interaction with communities.



Goal?

**Equity in health for
all population groups becomes
a routine mainstream activity
across sectors**



Aotearoa – unique contribution

**Maori
Vulnerable populations**

**Pacific people, and other
'disadvantaged' groups**

Success indicators

**Nurture and Protect
Active Participation
Effective Partnership**

Malo 'aupito



LAUNCH OF FYOL – *First Client*

Health Star Pacific

