### PALLIATIVE CARE

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### DEFINITION

Palliative care is an approach that improves the quality of life of patients and their families facing the problems associated with life-threatening illness, through the prevention and relief of suffering by means of early identification and impeccable assessment and treatment of pain and other problems, physical, psychosocial and spiritual.

WHO (2002)

The fundamental responsibility of the health profession to ease the suffering of patients cannot be fulfilled unless palliative care has priority status within public health and disease control programmes; it is not an optional extra

WHO 2002

# THE NEW ZEALAND PALLIATIVE CARE STRATEGY 2001

#### THE VISION

All people who are dying and their family/whanau who could benefit from palliative care have timely access to quality palliative care services that are culturally appropriate and are provided in a coordinated way

### PRINCIPLES

- The focus of care is the person who is dying and their family/whanau
- All people should be informed of entitlement and have needs based access
- Palliative care is planned around people's unique needs
- Quality of life is paramount
- Palliative care requires a multidisciplinary approach
- Co-ordination and collaboration is essential

NZ Palliative Care Strategy, 2001

### PALLIATIVE CARE AND CANCER CONTROL IN NEW

### ZEALAND

- One of 7 aspects of Cancer Control covered by NZ Cancer Control Strategy and Action Plan
- Cancer accounted for 29% of all deaths in 1998 (NZHIS 2002)
- Hospice Referrals 2002/3

Total 8,591

Cancer 6,532 (Hospice NZ 2004)

## PALLIATIVE CARE AND CANCER CONTROL IN NEW ZEALAND

- Multiple professionals and organisations involved
- Models of care and funding based on government/ngo/ community partnership
- Some way to go to fully enact the NZ Palliative Care Strategy

### THE ISSUES

- Access
- Coordination and Integration
- Workforce

### SOLUTIONS

- Giving the strategy priority
- Improved access especially for those with inequitable access
- Defined leadership
- Service standards (eg generalist and specialist, capital and human requirements)
- Updated and expanded funding models
- Improved monitoring
- Workforce development

